

General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

Article No.:

**Requirements for all products**

The topic safety of products concerns the complete range of "hardware", since products generally have to be designed to be safe.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
3063	<p>Bis(pentabromphenyl)ether (Decabromdiphenylether, DecaBDE; CAS-Nr.: 1163-19-5; EG-Nr.: 214-604-9)</p> <p>1.) shall not be manufactured or placed on the market as a substance on its own after 2 March 2019.</p> <p>2.) shall not be used in the production of, or placed on the market in:</p> <p>(a) another substance, as a constituent;</p> <p>(b) a mixture;</p> <p>(c) an article, or any part thereof, in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight, after 2 March 2019.</p>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII
50671	<p>Prohibitions and restrictions for persistent organic pollutants are to be observed (POP-Regulation).</p> <p><b>Additional information:</b> RE (EC) No. 850-2004_17-05.pdf VO (EG) Nr. 850-2004_17-05.pdf</p>	VO (EG) Nr. 850/2004	
50795	<p>Consumer Goods or part thereof under 5 cm (not toys) that could be used by children under normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use in the mouth may not be placed on the market if the concentration of lead (expressed as metal) in those articles or accessible parts thereof is equal to or greater than 0,05 % by weight.</p> <p>This does not apply to products which were first placed on the market before 01 June 2016.</p> <p>Exceptions (see Additional information) to be observed.</p> <p><b>Additional information:</b> RE (EU) No. 2015-628 REACH Lead_15-04 VO (EU) 2015-628 Änderung REACH Blei_15-04</p>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII i.V.m. VERORDNUNG (EU) 2015/628
50538	Material, mixtures and products with a mercury concentration of over 0.01 percent weight may no longer be manufactured or placed on the market from 10. Oct.2017.	VO (EU) Nr. 848/2012	
50525	If a product marked with a CE mark and complies with it by the CE- requirements, the GS- mark should not to be used. Equivalent requirements of CE criteria and GS criteria rules out a GS-mark.	ProdSG	§ 20
50527	<p>The GS-mark must be designed in accordance with the provisions of ProdSG.</p> <p><b>Additional information:</b> GS- Zeichen_14-04</p>	ProdSG	§ 22 (3)

General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Requirements for all products**

Article No.:

The topic safety of products concerns the complete range of "hardware", since products generally have to be designed to be safe.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
50517	<p>Products may be provided only in the market if they are safe. The following points should be considered for evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- The property of the product, including the composition, packaging, instructions for assembly, installation, maintenance and service life;</li> <li>- Expect the effect of the product on other products where is that it is used together with other products;</li> <li>- The presentation of the product, its labeling, as well as information on the Elimination of all other indication or informations;</li> <li>- The group of users who are more at risk when using the product as others.</li> </ul>	ProdSG	§ 3
50518	<p>The product safety of a product is completely to examined. All components of a product, as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- the product as self,</li> <li>- identification,</li> <li>- correct instructions,</li> <li>- adequate warnings,</li> <li>- Information about foreseeable misuse,</li> <li>- disposal instructions,</li> <li>- Information for specific user groups,</li> </ul> <p>must be checked.</p>	ProdSG	§ 3
50519	<p>Manufacturers and importers have provisions for appropriate measures (market monitoring, complaint analysis, etc.) shall be taken to avoid risks associated with the product. This applies to organizational measures to alert consumers and any necessary withdrawal or the recall.</p>	ProdSG	§ 6
50520	<p>Manufacturers and importers have carried out random checks to investigate complaints and to inform the dealers about their actions in the context of product safety.</p>	ProdSG	§ 6 (3)
50521	<p>Manufacturers and importers have the competent market surveillance authority immediately informed about health and safety risks associated with the product that they put on the market. The actions taken to represent.</p>	ProdSG	§ 6 (4)
50522	<p>The CE marking must be visible, legible and permanently be directly attached to the product or its data plate. This also applies to the address of the manufacturer, importer or the trademark owner. If the type of product that is not possible or not warranted, the CE marking is affixed on the packaging, as well as on the accompanying documents, provided they are prescribed.</p> <p>Attention! Information from public authorities are exceptions to the direct labeling of the product if they are only economic.</p> <p><b>Additional information:</b> LASI Leitlinien zum Produktsicherheitsgesetz_13-04</p>	ProdSG	§7 (3)
50523	<p>If the production (production control) of the product by a notified conformity assessment body has been audited, according to the CE mark, the number have to apply on the product.</p>	ProdSG	§ 7 (4)

General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Requirements for all products**

Article No.:

The topic safety of products concerns the complete range of "hardware", since products generally have to be designed to be safe.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
50524	Behind the CE mark and the number can be apply an icon indicating a special risk or special use.	ProdSG	§ 7 (5)
160071	It is prohibited to place consumer goods on the market under misleading designation, information or presentation.	LFGB	§33 Abs. 1
103003	Consumer articles and toys with liquids, for example in double-walled articles, are subject to a purchase ban.	QS	
50013	From 1. May 2009 it is prohibited to put products with a concentration of 0.1mg/kg dimethylfumerat (DMF) into circulation.  The material is employed in the prevention of moulds in attached bags (silica gel) and where applicable also in products. In particular for wood, textiles and leatherware.	Entsch 2009/251/EG	Artikel 2, Abs. 1
160070	Articles for daily use must not be placed on the market if they do not conform to stipulated requirements from the regulation (EG) Nr 1935/2004 regarding their manufacture	LFGB	§31 Abs.1
5046	Products may be introduced onto the market only if they do not endanger the safety and health of consumers or damage other objects (products). In addition, for products which are subject to other legal provisions the higher requirements specified must also be fulfilled.	ProdSG	§ 3 (1)
160069	Articles or substances must not be placed on the market as consumer goods if their intended or predictable use is likely to impair health by virtue of their material composition, e.g. through toxic substances or impurities.	LFGB	§30
5047	All products must be clearly marked on the product as follows:  1. with the full address of the manufacturer. 2. with the full address of the importer, if the headquarters of the manufacturer or person authorised by him is not in Germany. 3. with the full address of the dealer, if he has imported the product himself.  If a direct product marking is not possible (technically), it can also be attached to the packaging (Exceptions are to be observed).  Furthermore, applies to products in the harmonized area (ProdSV and more) supplemental label elements.	ProdSG	§ 6
5048	All products must observe the relevant standards, state of the art and legal provisions of the EU.	ProdSG	§ 4
5351	Products that are not food, but which are due to - their shape, - her smell, - their color, - her appearance, - her presentation, - their marking, - their volume or - her size it is foreseeable that they will be confused with food by consumers, especially children, and therefore be taken to the mouth, sucked or swallowed, which may give rise, in particular, to the risk of suffocation, poisoning, perforation or obstruction of the digestive tract, are forbidden.	LFGB	§ 5, in V. m. § 3, Nr. 10



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Requirements for all products**

Article No.:

The topic safety of products concerns the complete range of "hardware", since products generally have to be designed to be safe.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
5049	Instructions for use/safety instructions must be included with all technical products and appliances. This applies also to products which may damage other objects when used incorrectly, or may endanger the safety and health of the user.	ProdSG	§ 3 (4)
5050	Instructions for use must inform the user of the following facts: 1. Type of use 2. Assembly 3. Installation 4. Maintenance instructions 5. Warnings, particularly when used for a purpose other than that intended 6. Prevention of maloperation 7. Special instructions for user groups which are exposed to greater danger (children, pregnant women, older people) 8. Full address of the manufacturer or importer 9. Note on safe keeping of the instructions for use 10. Note on legally specified waste disposal.	ProdSG	§ 4 (2) 3. und 4.
5052	The GS sign may be used only if a notified GS testing institute has carried out a test and confirmed this.	ProdSG	§ 20 (1)
5051	The CE marking may be used only if this is subject to the relevant directives and these requirements have also been observed.	ProdSG	§ 7 (1)

General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Requirements for products which are affected by REACH**

Article No.:

Manufactured item means a product which intentionally releases a substance and acquires at the manufacturing stage a specific form, surface or configuration, which, to a greater extent than its chemical composition, determines its function. As such are accounted e.g. scented candles, textiles releasing scent, perfumed handkerchiefs, Manufactured items are articles, which at the manufacturing stage acquire a specific form, surface or configuration, which to a greater extent than the chemical composition determines their function.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
50833	Methanol (CAS No 67-56-1 EC No 200-659-6) shall not be placed on the market to the general public after 9 May 2019 in windscreen washing or defrosting fluids, in a concentration equal to or greater than 0,6 % by weight.	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII i.V.m. VO (EU) 2018/589
50395	The requirements of the safety data sheets are to be fulfilled according to RE (EC) 1907/2006 Annex II. <b>Additional information:</b> RE (EC) No. 1907-2006_17-05.pdf VO (EG) Nr. 1907-2006_17-05.pdf	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang II
50177	For articles you can find the REACH requirements for producers, importers and distributors in the Guideline of the REACH CLP Helpdesk:  <a href="http://www.reach-clp-biozid-helpdesk.de/en/Homepage.html?sessionId=2AC4AEBE23776D9211A35669BF9C6791.s2t2">http://www.reach-clp-biozid-helpdesk.de/en/Homepage.html?sessionId=2AC4AEBE23776D9211A35669BF9C6791.s2t2</a>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	
5220	For all ready-made articles (products), which intentionally release more than 1 ton of chemical substance the REACH requirements apply and must be adhered to from 1 June 2007 or 1 June 2008 respectively. <b>Additional information:</b> RE (EC) No. 1907-2006_17-05.pdf VO (EG) Nr. 1907-2006_17-05.pdf	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Art.141
50046	The material limits and prohibitions of Annex XVII, current form in each case are to be observed.  <a href="https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach">https://echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach</a>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII
5221	The manufacturers are responsible for the adherence to the obligations arising from REACH for all ready-made articles (products) produced in the EU. This also applies to own brands.	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Art.3 Abs.3,4,7,9,11
5222	Manufacturers within the EU, who come under the REACH obligations will, after registration, make their registration numbers known without being asked. This also applies to private labels.	QS	



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

Articles of natural latex

Article No.:

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
50835	<p>For fillers the BfR recommendations are observed.</p> <p>This Recommendation for fillers applies to the following materials:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Plastics Dispersions according to Recommendation XIV</li> <li>2. Silicones according to Recommendation XV</li> <li>3. Commodities based on Natural and Synthetic Rubber according to Recommendation XXI</li> <li>4. Cross-Linked Polyurethanes as Adhesive Layers for Food Packaging Materials according to Recommendation XXVIII</li> <li>5. Linear Polyurethanes for Paper Coatings according to Recommendation XLI</li> <li>6. Artificial Sausage Casings according to Recommendation XLIV</li> <li>7. Temperature Resistant Polymer Coating Systems for Frying, Cooking and Baking Utensils according to Recommendation LI</li> </ol> <p><b>Additional information:</b>                      BfR LII. Fillers 2017-09-01_18-05                      BfR LII. Füllstoffe 2017-09-01_18-05</p>	BfR-Empfehlung	BfR LII



**General Requirements**

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Timber, wooden products, paper**

Article No.:

All types of timber such as solid timber, wood veneer, wooden material boards (e.g. chipboard) and pulp and paper with the exception of bamboo-based and recovered products.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
711	Coated and uncoated wood materials such as chipboard, carpentry, veneer or fiber boards must comply with the test requirements for formaldehyde of the ChemVerbotsVO.	ChemVerbotsV	§ 1 Abs. 1 iVm Anh. Abschn. 3
706	Wood products must not contain more than 5 mg / kg of PCP or PCP salts or compounds.	ChemVerbotsV	§ 3 Anlage 1
3061	It is prohibited to treat wooden goods with arsenic compounds.	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII
50801	Untreated lumbers and twigs, heather and coniferous timber seeds for the production of smoke used for smoking foodstuffs (smoked chips, strands, boards and woods) are consumer goods and may not exceed the threshold values for pentachlorophenol and its salts, expressed as pentachlorophenol of 0.05 mg/kg wood .	BedGgstV	§ 6 Nr.3 + Anlage 5
50778	Cellulose and paper with a content of about 0.1 percent by weight of nonylphenol is prohibited.	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII
50799	Follow chemicals shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is intended for the treatment of wood. Furthermore, wood so treated shall not be placed on the market: (a) Creosote; wash oil CAS No 8001-58-9 EC No 232-287-5 (b) Creosote oil; wash oil CAS No 61789-28-4 EC No 263-047-8 (c) Distillates (coal tar), naphthalene oils; naphthalene oil CAS No 84650-04-4 EC No 283-484-8 (d) Creosote oil, acenaphthene fraction; wash oil CAS No 90640-84-9 EC No 283-484-8 EC No 292-605-3 (e) Distillates (coal tar), upper; heavy anthracene oil CAS No 65996-91-0 EC No 266-026-1 (f) Anthracene oil CAS No 90640-80-5 EC No 292-602-7 (g) Tar acids, coal, crude; crude phenols CAS No 65996-85-2 EC No 266-019-3 (h) Creosote, wood CAS No 8021-39-4 EC No 232-419-1 (i) Low temperature tar oil, alkaline; extract residues (coal), low temperature coal tar alkaline CAS No 122384-78-5 EC No 310-191-5	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII

General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Wood, animal fibre, animals and plants**

Article No.:

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
50801	Untreated lumbers and twigs, heather and coniferous timber seeds for the production of smoke used for smoking foodstuffs (smoked chips, strands, boards and woods) are consumer goods and may not exceed the threshold values for pentachlorophenol and its salts, expressed as pentachlorophenol of 0.05 mg/kg wood .	BedGgstV	§ 6 Nr.3 + Anlage 5
706	Wood products must not contain more than 5 mg / kg of PCP or PCP salts or compounds.	ChemVerbotsV	§ 3 Anlage 1
711	Coated and uncoated wood materials such as chipboard, carpentry, veneer or fiber boards must comply with the test requirements for formaldehyde of the ChemVerbotsVO.	ChemVerbotsV	§ 1 Abs. 1 iVm Anh. Abschn. 3
3061	It is prohibited to treat wooden goods with arsenic compounds.	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII
50799	Follow chemicals shall not be placed on the market, or used, as substances or in mixtures where the substance or mixture is intended for the treatment of wood. Furthermore, wood so treated shall not be placed on the market: (a) Creosote; wash oil CAS No 8001-58-9 EC No 232-287-5 (b) Creosote oil; wash oil CAS No 61789-28-4 EC No 263-047-8 (c) Distillates (coal tar), naphthalene oils; naphthalene oil CAS No 84650-04-4 EC No 283-484-8 (d) Creosote oil, acenaphthene fraction; wash oil CAS No 90640-84-9 EC No 283-484-8EC No 292-605-3 (e) Distillates (coal tar), upper; heavy anthracene oil CAS No 65996-91-0 EC No 266-026-1 (f) Anthracene oil CAS No 90640-80-5 EC No 292-602-7 (g) Tar acids, coal, crude; crude phenols CAS No 65996-85-2 EC No 266-019-3 (h) Creosote, wood CAS No 8021-39-4 EC No 232-419-1 (i) Low temperature tar oil, alkaline; extract residues (coal), low temperature coal tar alkaline CAS No 122384-78-5 EC No 310-191-5	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII





General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

Article No.:

**Plastics**

Plastics also include fully or partly synthetically manufactured rubbers. Plastic fibres were handled under "Textile Fibres"!

Foamed plastics are for example mattresses, cushions, cold boxes, bicycle saddles, insulating materials.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
----------	-----------------------	-----	---------



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Plastics**

Article No.:

Plastics also include fully or partly synthetically manufactured rubbers. Plastic fibres were handled under "Textile Fibres"!

Foamed plastics are for example mattresses, cushions, cold boxes, bicycle saddles, insulating materials.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
713	<p>It must be ascertained that the limits for dioxins and furans are not exceeded. Limits must be adhered to for the following groups of dioxins and furans:</p> <p><u>Group 1</u> a) 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin b) 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin c) 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran d) 2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran</p> <p><u>Group 2</u> a) 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin b) 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin c) 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin d) 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran e) 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran f) 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran g) 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran h) 2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran</p> <p><u>Group 3</u> a) 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin b) 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin c) 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzofuran d) 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Heptachlorodibenzofuran e) 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran</p> <p><u>Group 4</u> a) 2,3,7,8-Tetrabromodibenzo-p-dioxin b) 1,2,3,7,8-Pentabromodibenzo-p-dioxin c) 2,3,7,8-Tetrabromodibenzofuran d) 2,3,4,7,8-Pentabromodibenzofuran</p> <p><u>Group 5</u> a) 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexabromodibenzo-p-dioxin b) 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexabromodibenzo-p-dioxin c) 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexabromodibenzo-p-dioxin d) 1,2,3,7,8-Pentabromodibenzofuran</p> <p>The following limits must be met: 1. 1 µg/kg for the total amounts contained of chemical compounds     stated in Group 1 2. 5 µg/kg for the total amounts contained of chemical compounds     stated in Group 1 and 2 3. 100 µg/kg for the total amounts contained of chemical compounds     stated in Group 1, 2 and 3 4. 1 µg/kg for the total amounts contained of chemical compounds     stated in Group 4 5. 5 µg/kg for the total amounts contained of chemical compounds stated in Group 4 and 5 The limits in Items 2, 3 and 5 are deemed to have been met only provided the limits applicable to the groups listed there are met. Routes of entry for dioxins and furans may be: - Direct Blue 106 + 108, Violet 23 dyestuffs - Anthraquinonoid vat dyes and anthraquinonoid pigments - Dyestuffs produced using chloranil as the basis - Fiber materials or leather treated with pentachlorophenol (PCP).</p>	ChemVerbotsV	§ 3 Anlage 1



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Plastics**

Article No.:

Plastics also include fully or partly synthetically manufactured rubbers. Plastic fibres were handled under "Textile Fibres"!

Foamed plastics are for example mattresses, cushions, cold boxes, bicycle saddles, insulating materials.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
50049	Diocetylzin combinations (DOT) are prohibited from 1. January 2012 in products if the substance concentration of DOT exceeds 0.1 per cent weight. The following products are affected: textiles with skin contact; - gloves; - parts of shoes that come into contact with skin; - wall and floor coverings; - baby articles; ladies hygiene products; - nappies/diapers; - packaging; - two-part room temperature vulcanisation form sets (RTV-2- form sets)	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII
671	Mixtures and articles produced from plastic material as listed above shall not be placed on the market if the concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) is equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight of the plastic material.  By way of derogation, above restriction shall not apply to articles coloured with mixtures containing cadmium for safety reasons.	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII
50737	Products of rubber or plastic components (e.g. sport equipment, household utensils, tools, clothing, footwear, wrist-bands), that come into direct as well as prolonged or short-term repetitive contact with the human skin or the oral cavity, should not contain more than 1.0 mg / kg of one of the listed PAHs:  a) Benzo(a)pyren (BaP) b) Benzo(e)pyren (BeP) c) Benzo(a)anthracen (BaA) d) Chrysen (CHR) e) Benzo(b)fluoranthen (BbFA) f) Benzo(j)fluoranthen (BjFA) g) Benzo(k)fluoranthen (BkFA) h) Dibenzo(a,h)anthracen (DBAhA)  This shall not apply to articles placed on the market for the first time before 27 December 2015. For these articles the values of BfR and ZEK apply.  (The standard EN 16143:2013 (Petroleum products- Determination of content of Benzo (a)pyrene (BaP) and selected polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) in extender oils- Procedure using double LC cleaning and GC/MS analysis) shall be used as the test method for demonstrating conformity with the limits.) <b>Additional information:</b> CR (EC) 2015-326_test method_15-04 CR (EU) No. 1272_2013 PAHs_13-11.pdf VO (EU) Nr. 1272-2013_16-05 VO(EU) Nr. 2015-326_Prüfverfahren_15-04	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII Nr. 50

## General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Plastics**

Article No.:

Plastics also include fully or partly synthetically manufactured rubbers. Plastic fibres were handled under "Textile Fibres"!

Foamed plastics are for example mattresses, cushions, cold boxes, bicycle saddles, insulating materials.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
50738	<p>Toys, including activity toys, and childcare articles of rubber or plastic components, that come into direct as well as prolonged or short-term repetitive contact with the human skin or the oral cavity, should not contain more than 0.5 mg / kg of one of the listed PAHs:</p> <p>a) Benzo(a)pyren (BaP)  b) Benzo(e)pyren (BeP)  c) Benzo(a)anthracen (BaA)  d) Chrysen (CHR)  e) Benzo(b)fluoranthen (BbFA)  f) Benzo(j)fluoranthen (BjFA)  g) Benzo(k)fluoranthen (BkFA)  h) Dibenzo(a,h)anthracen (DBAha)</p> <p>This shall not apply to articles placed on the market for the first time before 27 December 2015. For these articles the values of BfR and ZEK apply.</p> <p>(The standard EN 16143:2013 (Petroleum products- Determination of content of Benzo (a)pyrene (BaP) and selected polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) in extender oils- Procedure using double LC cleaning and GC/MS analysis) shall be used as the test method for demonstrating conformity with the limits.)</p> <p><b>Additional information:</b>  CR (EC) 2015-326_test method_15-04  CR (EU) No. 1272_2013 PAHs_13-11.pdf  VO (EU) Nr. 1272-2013_16-05  VO(EU) Nr. 2015-326_Prüfverfahren_15-04</p>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII Nr. 50
721	<p>Products made of vinyl chloride polymers (e.g. PVC) which are intended to</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- come into contact with food during manufacture, treatment, distribution, or use</li> <li>- come into contact with cosmetics or tobacco products</li> <li>- come into contact with the skin, not just temporarily</li> <li>- come into contact with the mouth</li> <li>- as well as all</li> <li>- toys and joke articles</li> <li>- cleaning and care agents</li> <li>- products for personal hygiene</li> </ul> <p>may not contain more than 1 mg monomer vinyl chloride per kg</p>	BedGgstV	§ 6 Abs. 3 iVm Anl.5 Nr. 1
723	<p>Analysis of the Consumer Goods must be done according to the methods laid down in Annex 10 of the regulation concerning consumer goods (BedGgstV).</p> <p><b>Additional information:</b>  Bedarfsgegenständeverordnung_17-05.pdf</p>	BedGgstV	§ 11 + Anlage 10



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Plastics**

Article No.:

Plastics also include fully or partly synthetically manufactured rubbers. Plastic fibres were handled under "Textile Fibres"!

Foamed plastics are for example mattresses, cushions, cold boxes, bicycle saddles, insulating materials.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
5214	<p>The import and marketing of products and devices containing chlorofluorocarbons, other perhalogenated chlorofluorocarbons, halons, carbontetrachlorides, 1,1,1-trichloroethane, partly halogenated bromofluoride hydrocarbons and chlorobromomethane are prohibited. The following are affected:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Aerosol products</li> <li>- Dyes and paints</li> <li>- Cosmetics</li> <li>- Lubricants</li> <li>- Cleaning materials</li> <li>- Pressurised gas containers</li> <li>- Fire extinguishers</li> <li>- Insulation materials</li> <li>- Refrigerators</li> <li>- Air conditioning units</li> <li>- Mattresses</li> <li>- Foam material</li> <li>- Adhesives</li> </ul>	ChemOzonSchi chtV	Art.4
50050	<p>Trisubstituted zinc compounds (e.g. TBT, TPT) with a concentration of more than 0.1 per cent weight in products, not mixtures such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- carpets;</li> <li>- clothing;</li> <li>- wood preservation substances;</li> <li>- leather goods;</li> <li>- PVC-products;</li> <li>- paints and varnishes</li> </ul> <p>are prohibited from 1. July 2010</p>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

Article No.:

**Plastics**

Plastics also include fully or partly synthetically manufactured rubbers. Plastic fibres were handled under "Textile Fibres"!

Foamed plastics are for example mattresses, cushions, cold boxes, bicycle saddles, insulating materials.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
50051	<p>Dibutyl zinc compounds (DBT) with a concentration of more than 0.1 per cent weight are prohibited from 1 January 2012 ,if these are intended for end-users in such products and mixtures as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- impregnating sprays;</li> <li>- mattresses;</li> <li>- PVC articles;</li> <li>- polyurethane foam;</li> <li>- textiles,</li> <li>- where applicable other articles and mixtures.</li> </ul> <p>The above date does not apply to the following products and mixtures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>one- and two part room temperature vulcanisation sealing substances and glues (RTV-1 and RTV-2 sealing substances);</li> <li>- paints and coatings containing DBT-compounds as catalysts if these are painted on products;</li> <li>- soft polyvinylchloride (PVC) profiles whether these are extruded with hard PVC or not;</li> <li>material covered with a layer of PVC which contains DBT-compounds as stabilisers, if intended for outdoor use;</li> <li>- outside rainwater piping, guttering and joints as well as roof and exterior wall cladding.</li> </ul> <p>The prohibition comes into force on 1. January 2015.</p>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII
50349	<p>For the dyes of plastic household use articles, the recommendations of the BfR "IX. Colourings for dyeing plastics and other polymers for articles for household use" are to be adhered to.</p> <p><b>Additional information:</b>                      BfR IX Colorants Used in Commodities_11-02                      BfR IX Farbmittel zum Einfärben von Bedarfsgegenständen_11-02</p>	BfR-Empfehlung	BfR IX



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Metallic surfaces**

Article No.:

Concerns metallic surfaces of household appliances, furniture, sanitary systems, air-conditioning systems, devices for freezing and deep-freezing and so on.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
100669	Avoidance of lead-containing metals for bearings and cadmium containing colours and screws.	QS	
675	For household items, furniture, sanitary systems, airconditions and devices for freezing and deep-freezin and others metallic surfaces must not be treated with cadmium.	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII
103075	All steel and steelproducts from India must provide freedom of radioactive contamination (Cobalt 60). Limit: 500 mikrobecquerel per gram.  Analytical method: nuclide specific CO-60 measurement (Gamma-spectroscopy)	ProdSG	
103071	With the application of Chrome III it is essential to ensure that the treatment of the product is absolutely flawless, no corrosion occurs, so that no chrome VI forms	QS	
50795	Consumer Goods or part thereof under 5 cm (not toys) that could be used by children under normal or reasonably foreseeable conditions of use in the mouth may not be placed on the market if the concentration of lead (expressed as metal) in those articles or accessible parts thereof is equal to or greater than 0,05 % by weight.  This does not apply to products which were first placed on the market before 01 June 2016.  Exceptions (see Additional information) to be observed. <b>Additional information:</b> RE (EU) No. 2015-628 REACH Lead_15-04 VO (EU) 2015-628 Änderung REACH Blei_15-04	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII i.V.m. VERORDNUNG (EU) 2015/628
50772	For all consumer goods made of metal (jewelry, writing instruments, mobile phones) which are intended to come into direct and prolonged in contact with the skin, the corresponding material restrictions of Annex XVII to Regulation (EC) no. 1907/2006 must be observed.  <a href="https://www.echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach">https://www.echa.europa.eu/substances-restricted-under-reach</a>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII

## General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Textile fibre materials / leather and imitation leather**

Article No.:

Include textile fibre materials and leather for the manufacture of textiles, home textiles and products/articles with textile components or leather components such as, for example dolls, wigs, seat covers.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
716	<p>The goods stated below must not contain any azo dyes / pigments which may detach the prohibited amines. Textile and leather goods which may have prolonged direct contact with human skin or mouth, especially:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> <li>1. Clothing, bed linen, towels, hair parts, toupees, hats, diapers and other sanitary articles, sleeping bags.</li> <li>2. Shoes, gloves, watch straps, bags, purses and wallets, folders, chair covers, breast bags.</li> <li>3. Textile and leather toys and toys with textile or leather garments</li> <li>4. Yarns and fabrics for end users.</li> </ol> <p>Prohibited amines :</p> <p>4-aminobiphenyl CAS-No. 92-67-1            Benzidine CAS-No.92-87-5            4-chloro-o-toluidine CAS-No. 95-69-2            2-naphthylamine CAS-No. 91-59-8            o-aminoazotoluene CAS-No. 97-56-3            5-nitro-o-toluidine CAS-No. 99-55-8            4-chloroaniline CAS-No.106-47-8            2,4-diaminoanisole CAS-No. 615-05-4            4,4'-diaminodiphenylmethane CAS-No. 01-77-9            3,3'-dichlorobenzidine CAS-No. 91-94-1            3,3'-dimethoxybenzidine CAS-No. 119-90-4            3,3'-dimethylbenzidine CAS-No. 119-93-7            3,3'-dimethyl-4,4'-diaminoiphenyl-methane CAS-No. 838-88-0            p-cresidine CAS-No.120-71-8            4,4'-methylene-bis-(2-chloraniline) CAS-No . 101-14-4            4,4'-oxydianiline CAS-No.101-80-4            4,4'-thiodianiline CAS-No.139-65-1            o-toluidine CAS-No. 95-53-4            2,4-toluylendiamine CAS-No. 95-80-7            2,4,5-trimethylaniline CAS-No. 137-17-7            o-anisidine (2-methoxyaniline) CAS-No. 90-04-0            4-amino azobenzene CAS-No. 60-09-3</p> <p>The use of prohibited azo dyes is deemed not to have been proven if the amounts contained of each amine component do not exceed 30 mg in one kilogram (0,003 Gew.-%) of specimen material.</p>	BedGgstV	§ 3 iVm Anl. 1 Nr. 7
50696	<p>For toys and childcare articles which can be placed in the mouth, the limit of 0.1% is observed for following phthalate:</p> <p>- DPHP (Di-2-propylheptylphthalat)</p> <p><b>Additional information:</b>            BfR Opinion No. 004-2012_13-11.pdf            BfR Stellungnahme DPHP Nr. 004-2012_13-11.pdf</p>	BfR DPHP	





General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Textile fibre materials / leather and imitation leather**

Article No.:

Include textile fibre materials and leather for the manufacture of textiles, home textiles and products/articles with textile components or leather components such as, for example dolls, wigs, seat covers.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
50051	<p>Dibutyl zinc compounds (DBT) with a concentration of more than 0.1 per cent weight are prohibited from 1 January 2012 ,if these are intended for end-users in such products and mixtures as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- impregnating sprays;</li> <li>- mattresses;</li> <li>- PVC articles;</li> <li>- polyurethane foam;</li> <li>- textiles,</li> <li>- where applicable other articles and mixtures.</li> </ul> <p>The above date does not apply to the following products and mixtures:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>one- and two part room temperature vulcanisation sealing substances and glues (RTV-1 and RTV-2 sealing substances);</li> <li>- paints and coatings containing DBT-compounds as catalysts if these are painted on products;</li> <li>- soft polyvinylchloride (PVC) profiles whether these are extruded with hard PVC or not;</li> <li>material covered with a layer of PVC which contains DBT-compounds as stabilisers, if intended for outdoor use;</li> <li>- outside rainwater piping, guttering and joints as well as roof and exterior wall cladding.</li> </ul> <p>The prohibition comes into force on 1. January 2015.</p>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Textile fibre materials / leather and imitation leather**

Article No.:

Include textile fibre materials and leather for the manufacture of textiles, home textiles and products/articles with textile components or leather components such as, for example dolls, wigs, seat covers.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
50737	<p>Products of rubber or plastic components (e.g. sport equipment, household utensils, tools, clothing, footwear, wrist-bands), that come into direct as well as prolonged or short-term repetitive contact with the human skin or the oral cavity, should not contain more than 1.0 mg / kg of one of the listed PAHs:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) Benzo(a)pyren (BaP)</li> <li>b) Benzo(e)pyren (BeP)</li> <li>c) Benzo(a)anthracen (BaA)</li> <li>d) Chrysen (CHR)</li> <li>e) Benzo(b)fluoranthen (BbFA)</li> <li>f) Benzo(j)fluoranthen (BjFA)</li> <li>g) Benzo(k)fluoranthen (BkFA)</li> <li>h) Dibenzo(a,h)anthracen (DBAhA)</li> </ul> <p>This shall not apply to articles placed on the market for the first time before 27 December 2015. For these articles the values of BfR and ZEK apply.</p> <p>(The standard EN 16143:2013 (Petroleum products- Determination of content of Benzo (a)pyrene (BaP) and selected polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) in extender oils- Procedure using double LC cleaning and GC/MS analysis) shall be used as the test method for demonstrating conformity with the limits.)</p> <p><b>Additional information:</b>                      CR (EC) 2015-326_test method_15-04                      CR (EU) No. 1272_2013 PAHs_13-11.pdf                      VO (EU) Nr. 1272-2013_16-05                      VO(EU) Nr. 2015-326_Prüfverfahren_15-04</p>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII Nr. 50

General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Textile fibre materials / leather and imitation leather**

Article No.:

Include textile fibre materials and leather for the manufacture of textiles, home textiles and products/articles with textile components or leather components such as, for example dolls, wigs, seat covers.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
50738	<p>Toys, including activity toys, and childcare articles of rubber or plastic components, that come into direct as well as prolonged or short-term repetitive contact with the human skin or the oral cavity, should not contain more than 0.5 mg / kg of one of the listed PAHs:</p> <p>a) Benzo(a)pyren (BaP)  b) Benzo(e)pyren (BeP)  c) Benzo(a)anthracen (BaA)  d) Chrysen (CHR)  e) Benzo(b)fluoranthen (BbFA)  f) Benzo(j)fluoranthen (BjFA)  g) Benzo(k)fluoranthen (BkFA)  h) Dibenzo(a,h)anthracen (DBAaH)</p> <p>This shall not apply to articles placed on the market for the first time before 27 December 2015. For these articles the values of BfR and ZEK apply.</p> <p>(The standard EN 16143:2013 (Petroleum products- Determination of content of Benzo (a)pyrene (BaP) and selected polycyclic aromatic hydrocarbons (PAH) in extender oils- Procedure using double LC cleaning and GC/MS analysis) shall be used as the test method for demonstrating conformity with the limits.)</p> <p><b>Additional information:</b>  CR (EC) 2015-326_test method_15-04  CR (EU) No. 1272_2013 PAHs_13-11.pdf  VO (EU) Nr. 1272-2013_16-05  VO(EU) Nr. 2015-326_Prüfverfahren_15-04</p>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII Nr. 50
50050	<p>Trisubstituted zinc compounds (e.g. TBT, TPT) with a concentration of more than 0.1 per cent weight in products, not mixtures such as:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- carpets;</li> <li>- clothing;</li> <li>- wood preservation substances;</li> <li>- leather goods;</li> <li>- PVC-products;</li> <li>- paints and varnishes</li> </ul> <p>are prohibited from 1. July 2010</p>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Textile fibre materials / leather and imitation leather**

Article No.:

Include textile fibre materials and leather for the manufacture of textiles, home textiles and products/articles with textile components or leather components such as, for example dolls, wigs, seat covers.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
50245	<p>For products made of leather, which are not only temporarily with skin contact, e.g.:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Watch Bands,</li> <li>- Bags,</li> <li>- Backpacks,</li> <li>- Chair covers,</li> <li>- Money bag,</li> <li>- Shoes,</li> <li>- Gloves,</li> <li>- Toys made of leather,</li> </ul> <p>must chromium VI not be detected. (Method B 82.02-11, 2008-10 - § 64-1 LFGB, according to DIN EN ISO 17075)</p> <p>This requirement applies from May 1st 2014 in all EU-Countries ( CR (EU) No. 301/2014 amending annex XVII of REACH-CR)</p>	BedGgstV	Anl. 4 Nr. 2 und Anl. 10, Nr. 8
50438	<p>Textile products are:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>a) products with a weight share of textile fibres of at least 80 %;</li> <li>b) Material covers for furniture, umbrella and parasols with a weight share of textile components of at least 80 %;</li> <li>c) the textile components of                             <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>i) the uppermost layer of multi-layered floorcoverings,</li> <li>ii) mattress covers,</li> <li>iii) the covers of camping articles,</li> </ul>                             in so far as these textile components a weight share which comprises at least 80 % of these upper layers or covers;</li> <li>d) Textiles which are worked into other goods and become integral parts of these as far as their composition is stated.</li> </ul> <p>The requirements of the Textile Labelling Regulation (EU) Nr. 1007/2011 must be observed.</p> <p><b>Additional information:</b> FAQ Regulation EU No. 1007-2011_14-11 FAQ zur Textilkennzeichnungsverordnung EU Nr. 1007-2011_14-11</p>	VO (EU) Nr. 1007/2011	Artikel 2 i.V.m. TextilKenn zG
5289	<p>Textiles containing Nonylphenol or Nonylphenol ethoxylates equal to or greater than 0,1 % by weight are prohibited.</p> <p>Nonylphenol ethoxylates (NPE) shall not be placed on the market after 3 February 2021 in textile articles which can reasonably be expected to be washed in water during their normal lifecycle, in concentrations equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight of that textile article or of each part of the textile article.</p>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Textile fibre materials / leather and imitation leather**

Article No.:

Include textile fibre materials and leather for the manufacture of textiles, home textiles and products/articles with textile components or leather components such as, for example dolls, wigs, seat covers.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
5162	When marking leather articles, the following regulations regarding identification must be observed: 1. Only those products made of animal skin or fur may be marked with the designation 'leather' or 'real leather'; 2. The types of artificial product which make up artificial leather must be named; 3. Leather products having a coating of more than 0.15 mm must be marked with following: 'leather with coating'; 4. Leather products in combination with other materials may only bear the mark 'leather' if 80% of the product is of leather. Otherwise all the materials must be named.	RAL 060 A2	
705	Textiles and leather must not contain more than 5 mg/kg PCP or its salts or compounds. The conscious use of pentachlorophenol (PCP), its salts or compounds must be omitted in order to adhere to this limit.	ChemVerbotsV	§ 3 Anlage 1
3031	Imitation leather made of vinyl chloride polymers (e.g. PVC) which are intended to come into contact with the skin, not just temporarily, must not contain more than 1 mg monomer vinyl chloride per kg.	BedGgstV	§ 6 Abs. 3 iVm Anl.5 Nr. 1



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Textile fibre materials / leather and imitation leather**

Article No.:

Include textile fibre materials and leather for the manufacture of textiles, home textiles and products/articles with textile components or leather components such as, for example dolls, wigs, seat covers.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
713	<p>It must be ascertained that the limits for dioxins and furans are not exceeded. Limits must be adhered to for the following groups of dioxins and furans:</p> <p><u>Group 1</u> a) 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin b) 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin c) 2,3,7,8-Tetrachlorodibenzofuran d) 2,3,4,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran</p> <p><u>Group 2</u> a) 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin b) 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin c) 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin d) 1,2,3,7,8-Pentachlorodibenzofuran e) 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran f) 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexachlorodibenzofuran g) 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran h) 2,3,4,6,7,8-Hexachlorodibenzofuran</p> <p><u>Group 3</u> a) 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin b) 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzo-p-dioxin c) 1,2,3,4,6,7,8-Heptachlorodibenzofuran d) 1,2,3,4,7,8,9-Heptachlorodibenzofuran e) 1,2,3,4,6,7,8,9-Octachlorodibenzofuran</p> <p><u>Group 4</u> a) 2,3,7,8-Tetrabromodibenzo-p-dioxin b) 1,2,3,7,8-Pentabromodibenzo-p-dioxin c) 2,3,7,8-Tetrabromodibenzofuran d) 2,3,4,7,8-Pentabromodibenzofuran</p> <p><u>Group 5</u> a) 1,2,3,4,7,8-Hexabromodibenzo-p-dioxin b) 1,2,3,7,8,9-Hexabromodibenzo-p-dioxin c) 1,2,3,6,7,8-Hexabromodibenzo-p-dioxin d) 1,2,3,7,8-Pentabromodibenzofuran</p> <p>The following limits must be met: 1. 1 µg/kg for the total amounts contained of chemical compounds     stated in Group 1 2. 5 µg/kg for the total amounts contained of chemical compounds     stated in Group 1 and 2 3. 100 µg/kg for the total amounts contained of chemical compounds     stated in Group 1, 2 and 3 4. 1 µg/kg for the total amounts contained of chemical compounds     stated in Group 4 5. 5 µg/kg for the total amounts contained of chemical compounds     stated in Group 4 and 5 The limits in Items 2, 3 and 5 are deemed to have been met only provided the limits applicable to the groups listed there are met.</p> <p>Routes of entry for dioxins and furans may be: - Direct Blue 106 + 108, Violet 23 dyestuffs - Anthraquinonoid vat dyes and anthraquinonoid pigments - Dyestuffs produced using chloranil as the basis - Fiber materials or leather treated with pentachlorophenol (PCP).</p>	ChemVerbotsV	§ 3 Anlage 1
S. 22			

General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Textile fibre materials / leather and imitation leather**

Article No.:

Include textile fibre materials and leather for the manufacture of textiles, home textiles and products/articles with textile components or leather components such as, for example dolls, wigs, seat covers.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
3034	Trichlorobenzene may not be used as a carrier in dyeing of synthetic materials bydisperse dyes.  (further notes can be found in the publications of the BfR	LFGB	§ 30
721	Products made of vinyl chloride polymers (e.g. PVC) which are intended to  - come into contact with food during manufacture, treatment, distribution, or use - come into contact with cosmetics or tobacco products - come into contact with the skin, not just temporarily - come into contact with the mouth - as well as all - toys and joke articles - cleaning and care agents - products for personal hygiene  may not contain more than 1 mg monomer vinyl chloride per kg	BedGgstV	§ 6 Abs. 3 iVm Anl.5 Nr. 1
671	Mixtures and articles produced from plastic material as listed above shall not be placed on the market if the concentration of cadmium (expressed as Cd metal) is equal to or greater than 0,01 % by weight of the plastic material.  By way of derogation, above restriction shall not apply to articles coloured with mixtures containing cadmium for safety reasons.	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII
5169	For all toys and baby articles (up to 5 cm in size for parts) which can be put into the mouth (playing, feeding, sleeping, relaxing, hygiene; also valid for parts of baby carriages/ prams, child's car-seats, child's bicycle-seats, sleeping-bags), there is a prohibition (limit 0.1%) for the following phthalates:  - Di-isononylphthalat (DINP) CAS-Nrn. 28553-12-0 und 68515-48-0 EINECS-Nrn. 249-079-5 und 271-090-9  - Di-isodecylphthalat (DIDP) CAS-Nrn. 26761-40-0 und 68515-49-1 EINECS-Nrn. 247-977-1 und 271-091-4  -Di-n-octylphthalat (DNOP) CAS-Nr. 117-84-0 EINECS-Nr. 204-214-7	BedGgstV	§ 3 Anlage 1



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Textile fibre materials / leather and imitation leather**

Article No.:

Include textile fibre materials and leather for the manufacture of textiles, home textiles and products/articles with textile components or leather components such as, for example dolls, wigs, seat covers.

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
5170	<p>For all toys and baby articles there is a general prohibition (limit 0.1%) for the following phthalates:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Di(2-ethylhexyl)phthalat (DEHP) CAS-Nr. 117-81-7 EINECS-Nr. 204-211-0</li> <li>- Dibutylphthalat (DBP) CAS-Nr. 84-74-2 EINECS-Nr. 201-557-4</li> <li>- Benzylbutylphthalat (BBP) CAS-Nr. 85-68-7 EINECS-Nr. 201-622-7</li> </ul>	BedGgstV	§ 3 i.V.m. Anlage 1



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Packaging (also wooden packing)**

Article No.:

Products produced out of any material to contain, protect, operate, deliver or offer merchandise. Packagings include sales-, re-, and transport packagings (acc. VerpackV).

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
5324	<p>Manufacturer and seller (trade with own products) must compile, allow checking and deposit with the competent IHK annually by 1. May for the previous year a declaration of completeness. This depends on the following limits for the amounts of packing place on the market:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- 80.000 kg glass</li> <li>- or 50.000 kg paper, cardboard or carton</li> <li>- or 30.00 kg of other materials.</li> </ul> <p>This obligation is in force from 5.April 2008. This means that the first statement of completeness must be compiled for the period 5. April to 31. december and presented on 1. May 2009</p>	VerpackV	§10,Abs. 1,2,3,4,5
50049	<p>Diocylzin combinations (DOT) are prohibited from 1.January 2012 in products if the substance concentration of DOT exceeds 0.1 per cent weight. The following products are affected: textiles with skin contact;- gloves; - parts of shoes that come into contact with skin; -walll and floor coverings; - baby articles; ladies hygiene products;- nappies/diapers; -packaging;- two-part room temperature vulcanisation form sets (RTV-2- form sets)</p>	VO (EG) Nr. 1907/2006	Anhang XVII
50491	<p>Whoever manufactures, treats and puts, with a label regarding the treatment, wood packaging according to the international standard for wooden packaging material into circulation, must be registered with the authority responsible and label the wood packaging.</p> <p>Appropriate records must be kept and retained for three years.</p>	PfIBeschauV 1989	§13p und 13q
160069	<p>Articles or substances must not be placed on the market as consumer goods if their intended or predictable use is likely to impair health by virtue of their material composition, e.g. through toxic substances or impurities.</p>	LFGB	§30
5321	<p>From 1. January 2009 the marking of packaging with a licensing mark (e.g. green dot) is not required.</p>	VerpackV	Anhang 1,Nr.3,Abs.2
5320	<p>All packaging which accumulates in private households must be licensed by a Dual System from 1. May 2009.</p>	VerpackV	§6 Abs.1
3051	<p>Plastic bags with an aperture volume larger as 38 cm have to be marked with following bilingual warning label:</p> <p>"Plastiktüte ist kein Spielzeug. Von Kindern fernhalten. Erstickungsgefahr !"</p> <p>"Plastic bag is not a toy. Keep out of reach of children. Danger of suffocation !"</p>	QS	Unternehmensint ern
2655	<p>Packaging must not exceed defined accumulated concentrations of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>- Lead</li> <li>- Cadmium</li> <li>- Mercury</li> <li>- Chromium VI:</li> </ul> <p>100 ppm</p> <p>This applies to transport, re-packaging and sales packaging.</p>	VerpackV	§13



General Requirements

18-05

Author: Träger

Product:

**Packaging for filling goods containing dangerous materials**

Article No.:

Packaging for 1. products which are subject to self-service prohibition (products which are to be identified as being toxic, very toxic, corrosive, oxidizing or highly inflammable or products which are to be identified as being harmful, as long as they are to be identified by R 40 (possible risks of irreversible effects), R 62 (possible risk of impaired fertility) or R 63 (possible risk of harm to the unborn child).

req. no.	Statutory requirement	Law	Article
2654	Sales packaging of pollutant-containing filling goods must be taken for disposal separate from the public waste disposal. Consumers are to be informed correspondingly.	VerpackV	§ 3 Abs. 7
2655	Packaging must not exceed defined accumulated concentrations of - Lead - Cadmium - Mercury - Chromium VI: 100 ppm  This applies to transport, re-packaging and sales packaging.	VerpackV	§13